U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development OMB Approval No. 2577-0286 Expires 06/30/2017

# CENTENNIAL VILLAGE CORPORATION Notice of Occupancy Rights under the Violence Against Women Act<sup>1</sup>

## To all Tenants and Applicants

The Violence Against Women Act (VAWA) provides protections for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. VAWA protections are not only available to women, but are available equally to all individuals regardless of sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation. The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) is the Federal agency that oversees that Section 202/8 is in compliance with VAWA. This notice explains your rights under VAWA. A HUD-approved certification form is attached to this notice. You can fill out this form to show that you are or have been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and that you wish to use your rights under VAWA.

### **Protections for Applicants**

If you otherwise qualify for assistance under Section 202/8, you cannot be denied admission or denied assistance because you are or have been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

#### **Protections for Tenants**

If you are receiving assistance under Section 202/8, you may not be denied assistance, terminated from participation, or be evicted from your rental housing because you are or have been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Also, if you or an affiliated individual of yours is or has been the victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking by a member of your household or any guest, you may not be denied rental assistance or occupancy rights under Section 202/8 solely on the basis of criminal activity directly relating to that domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

Affiliated individual means your spouse, parent, brother, sister, or child, or a person to whom you stand in the place of a parent or guardian (for example, the affiliated individual is in your care, custody, or control); or any individual, tenant, or lawful occupant living in your household.

### Removing the Abuser or Perpetrator from the Household

Centennial Village may divide (bifurcate) your lease in order to evict the individual or terminate the assistance of the individual who has engaged in criminal activity (the abuser or perpetrator) directly relating to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

If Centennial Village chooses to remove the abuser or perpetrator, Centennial Village may not take away the rights of eligible tenants to the unit or otherwise punish the remaining tenants. If the evicted abuser or perpetrator was the sole tenant to have established eligibility for assistance under the program, Centennial Village must allow the tenant who is or has been a victim and other household members to remain in the unit for a period of time, in order to establish eligibility under the program or under another HUD housing program covered by VAWA, or, find alternative housing.

In removing the abuser or perpetrator from the household, Centennial Village must follow Federal, State, and local eviction procedures. In order to divide a lease, Centennial Village may, but is not required to, ask you for documentation or certification of the incidences of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

#### **Moving to Another Unit**

Upon your request, Centennial Village may permit you to move to another unit, subject to the availability of other units, and still keep your assistance. In order to approve a request, Centennial Village may ask you to provide documentation that you are requesting to move because of an incidence of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Despite the name of this law, VAWA protection is available regardless of sex, gender identity, or sexual orientation.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Housing providers cannot discriminate on the basis of any protected characteristic, including race, color, national origin, religion, sex, familial status, disability, or age. HUD-assisted and HUD-insured housing must be made available to all otherwise eligible individuals regardless of actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identity, or marital status.

If the request is a request for emergency transfer, the Centennial Village may ask you to submit a written request or fill out a form where you certify that you meet the criteria for an emergency transfer under VAWA. The criteria are:

- (1) You are a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. If Centennial Village does not already have documentation that you are a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, Centennial Village may ask you for such documentation, as described in the documentation section below.
- (2) You expressly request the emergency transfer. Centennial Village may choose to require that you submit a form, or may accept another written or oral request.
- (3) You reasonably believe you are threatened with imminent harm from further violence if you remain in your current unit. This means you have a reason to fear that if you do not receive a transfer you would suffer violence in the very near future.

### OR

You are a victim of sexual assault and the assault occurred on the premises during the 90-calendar-day period before you request a transfer. If you are a victim of sexual assault, then in addition to qualifying for an emergency transfer because you reasonably believe you are threatened with imminent harm from further violence if you remain in your unit, you may qualify for an emergency transfer if the sexual assault occurred on the premises of the property from which you are seeking your transfer, and that assault happened within the 90-calendar-day period before you expressly request the transfer.

Centennial Village will keep confidential requests for emergency transfers by victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and the location of any move by such victims and their families.

Centennial Village's emergency transfer plan provides further information on emergency transfers, and Centennial Village must make a copy of its emergency transfer plan available to you if you ask to see it.

# Documenting You Are or Have Been a Victim of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault or Stalking

Centennial Village can, but is not required to, ask you to provide documentation to "certify" that you are or have been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Such request from Centennial Village must be in writing, and Centennial Village must give you at least 14 business days (Saturdays, Sundays, and Federal holidays do not count) from the day you receive the request to provide the documentation. Centennial Village may, but does not have to, extend the deadline for the submission of documentation upon your request.

You can provide one of the following to Centennial Village as documentation. It is your choice which of the following to submit if Centennial Village asks you to provide documentation that you are or have been a victim of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

- A complete HUD-approved certification form given to you by Centennial Village with this notice, that documents an incident of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. The form will ask for your name, the date, time, and location of the incident of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, and a description of the incident. The certification form provides for including the name of the abuser or perpetrator if the name of the abuser or perpetrator is known and is safe to provide.
- A record of a Federal, State, tribal, territorial, or local law enforcement agency, court, or administrative agency that documents the incident of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. Examples of such records include police reports, protective orders, and restraining orders, among others.
- A statement, which you must sign, along with the signature of an employee, agent, or volunteer of a victim service provider, an attorney, a medical professional or a mental health professional (collectively, "professional") from whom you sought assistance in addressing domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking, or the effects of abuse, and with the professional selected by you attesting under penalty of perjury that he or she believes that the incident or incidents of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking are grounds for protection.
- Any other statement or evidence that Centennial Village has agreed to accept.

If you fail or refuse to provide one of these documents within the 14 business days, Centennial Village does not have to provide you with the protections contained in this notice.

If Centennial Village receives conflicting evidence that an incident of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking has been committed (such as certification forms from two or more members of a household each claiming to be a victim and naming one or more of the other petitioning household members as the abuser or perpetrator), Centennial Village has the right to request that you provide third-party documentation within thirty (30) calendar days in order to resolve the conflict. If you fail or refuse to provide third-party documentation where there is conflicting evidence, Centennial Village does not have to provide you with the protections contained in this notice.

## Confidentiality

Centennial Village must keep confidential any information you provide related to the exercise of your rights under VAWA, including the fact that you are exercising your rights under VAWA.

Centennial Village must not allow any individual administering assistance or other services on behalf of Centennial Village (for example, employees and contractors) to have access to confidential information unless for reasons that specifically call for these individuals to have access to this information under applicable Federal, State, or local law.

Centennial Village must not enter your information into any shared database or disclose your information to any other entity or individual. Centennial Village, however, may disclose the information provided if:

- You give written permission to Centennial Village to release the information on a time-limited basis.
- Centennial Village needs to use the information in an eviction or termination proceeding, such as to evict your abuser or perpetrator or terminate your abuser or perpetrator from assistance under this program.
- A law requires Centennial Village to release the information.

VAWA does not limit Centennial Village's duty to honor court orders about access to or control of the property. This includes orders issued to protect a victim and orders dividing property among household members in cases where a family breaks up.

## Reasons a Tenant Eligible for Occupancy Rights under VAWA May Be Evicted or Assistance May Be Terminated

You can be evicted and your assistance can be terminated for serious or repeated lease violations that are not related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking committed against you. However, Centennial Village cannot hold tenants who have been victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking to a more demanding set of rules than it applies to tenants who have not been victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking.

The protections described in this notice might not apply, and you could be evicted and your assistance terminated, if Centennial Village can demonstrate that not evicting you or terminating your assistance would present a real physical danger that:

- (1) Would occur within an immediate time frame, and
- (2) Could result in death or serious bodily harm to other tenants or those who work on the property.

If Centennial Village can demonstrate the above, Centennial Village should only terminate your assistance or evict you if there are no other actions that could be taken to reduce or eliminate the threat.

## **Other Laws**

VAWA does not replace any Federal, State, or local law that provides greater protection for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking. You may be entitled to additional housing protections for victims of domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking under other federal laws, as well as under state and local laws.

## Non-Compliance with The Requirements of This Notice

You may report a covered housing provider's violations of these rights and seek additional assistance, if needed, by contacting or filing a complaint with the local HUD office at:

U.S Department of Housing and Urban Development
Office of Fair Housing and Equal Opportunity
Phoenix HUD Multifamily Office
One North Central Avenue, Suite 600
Phoenix, AZ 85004
Online complaint form available at: www.hud.gov

### For Additional Information

You may view a copy of HUD's final VAWA rule at <a href="https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2016-11-16/pdf/2016-25888.pdf">https://www.gpo.gov/fdsys/pkg/FR-2016-11-16/pdf/2016-25888.pdf</a>.

Additionally, Centennial Village must make a copy of HUD's VAWA regulations available to you if you ask to see them. For questions regarding VAWA, please contact Centennial Village's Compliance Supervisor at 480-833-6036, (TTY) 711 National Relay.

For help regarding an abusive relationship, you may call the National Domestic Violence Hotline at 1-800-799-7233 or, for persons with hearing impairments, 1-800-787-3224 (TTY).

You may also contact any of the resources shown below as appropriate.

For tenants who are or have been victims of stalking seeking help may visit the National Center for Victims of Crime's Stalking Resource Center at <a href="https://www.victimsofcrime.org/our-programs/stalking-resource-center">https://www.victimsofcrime.org/our-programs/stalking-resource-center</a>.

For help regarding sexual assault, you may contact any of the resources shown below as appropriate.

Victims of stalking seeking help may contact any of the resources shown below as appropriate.

Although the Centennial Village does not provide direct services, below, please find a list of references to other resources covering a wide variety of needs. The resource lists in this entire section are not intended to be comprehensive, but rather a place for you to start. If you find additional resources that prove helpful, please forward them along to us so we can share them with others.

#### **Resources:**

For help addressing domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking, please refer to the following agencies.

The National Domestic Violence Hotline	800-799-7233	www.ndvh.org
	(SAFE)	
National Dating Abuse Helpline	866-331-9474	www.loveisrespect.org
Americans Overseas Domestic Violence Crisis Center	866-USWOMEN	www.866uswomen.org
	(879-6636)	
National Child Abuse Hotline/Childhelp	800-4-A-CHILD	www.childhelp.org
	800-422-4453	
National Sexual Assault Hotline	800-656-4673	www.rainn.org
	(HOPE)	_
National Center for Victims of Crime	202-467-8700	www.victimsofcrime.org
National Human Trafficking Resource Center/Polaris	888-373-7888	www.polarisproject.org
Project	Text: HELP to	
	BeFree (233733)	
National Resource Center on Domestic Violence	800-537-2238	www.nrcdv.org and www.vawnet.
		org
Futures Without Violence: The National Health Resource	888-792-2873	www.futureswithoutviolence.org
Center on Domestic Violence		_

National Center on Domestic Violence, Trauma & Mental	312-726-7020	www.nationalcenterdvtraumamh.
Health	ext. 2011	org
Tiodilii	CXI. 2011	<u>org</u>
Domestic Violence Initiative	303-839-5510	www.dviforwomen.org
	877-839-5510	
Deaf Abused Women's Network (DAWN)	202-559-5366	Hotline@deafdawn.org
,		www.deafdawn.org
Women of Color Network	800-537-2238	www.wocninc.org
INCITE! Women of Color Against Violence		incite.natl@gmail.com
Ŭ		www.incite-national.org
Alianza	505-753-3334	www.dvalianza.org
Casa de Esperanza	651-772-1611	www.casadeesperanza.org
Asian and Pacific Islander Institute on Domestic Violence	415-954-9988	www.apiidv.org
Committee Against Anti-Asian Violence (CAAAV)	212- 473-6485	www.caaav.org
Manavi	732-435-1414	www.manavi.org
Institute on Domestic Violence in the African American	877-643-8222	www.dvinstitute.org
Community		
The Black Church and Domestic Violence Institute	770-909-0715	www.bcdvi.org
The Audre Lorde Project		www.alp.org
LAMBDA GLBT Community Services	206-350-4283	http://www.qrd.org/qrd/www/orgs/
	178-596-0342	avproject/main.htm
National Coalition of Anti-Violence Programs	206-350-4283	www.ncavp.org
1-212-714-1184		
National Gay and Lesbian Task Force	202-393-5177	www.ngltf.org
Northwest Network of Bisexual, Trans, Lesbian & Gay	206-568-7777	www.nwnetwork.org
Survivors of Abuse		
National Clearinghouse on Abuse in Later Life	608-255-0539	www.ncall.us
National Center for Elder Abuse	855-500-3537	http://www.ncea.aoa.gov/
American Bar Association Commission on Domestic	202-662-1000	www.abanet.org/domviol
Violence		
Battered Women's Justice Project	800-903-0111	www.bwjp.org
Safe Horizon stalking victims' hotline (assessment &	866-689-4357	
referrals provided)		
Stalking Resource Center		www.victimsofcrime.org/our-
		programs/stalking-resource-
T. N	200.070.0005	center
The National Organization for Victim Assistance	800-879-6682	www.trynova.org
iSafetyNet		http://www.isafetynet.org/

Attachment: Certification form HUD-5382